Joint Commission 2013 National Patient Safety Goals

Goal	Elements of Performance
Identify Patients Correctly	
NPSG.01.01.01	Use at least two patient identifiers (full name and date of birth) when administering medication, blood products, providing treatments or procedures or collecting blood samples. Label containers used for blood or other specimens in the presence of
NPSG.01.03.01	the patient Eliminate transfusion errors related to patient misidentification. Use a two person verification process.
Improve Staff	
Communication	Report critical results of tests and diagnostic procedures on a timely basis. Develop written procedures for managing critical results of tests
NPSG.02.03.01	and diagnostic procedures, including by whom and to whom critical results are reported.
Use Medications Safety	
NPSG.03.04.01	Label all medication containers and other solutions, on and off the sterile field, in perioperative and other procedural settings. Medication containers include syringes, medication cups and basins.
NPSG.03.05.01	Reduce the likelihood of patient harm associated with the use of anticoagulant therapy.
NPSG.03.06.01	Maintain and communicate accurate patient information through medication reconciliation, a process used to identify and resolve medication discrepancies.
Prevent Infections	
NPSG.07.01.01	Comply with the World Health Organization (WHO) hand hygiene guidelines or Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines. Set goals for improving compliance with hand hygiene guidelines.
NPSG.07.03.01	Implement evidence based practices to prevent health care-associated infections due to multidrug- resistant organisms. This applies to, but is not limited to, methcillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus (MRSA), clostridium difficile (CDI), vancomycin-resistant enterococci (VRE) and
NPSG.07.04.01	multidrug-resistant gram-negative bacteria. Implement evidence-based practices to prevent central line-associated bloodstream infections.
NPSG.07.05.01	Implement evidence-based practices for preventing surgical site infections.
NPSG.07.06.01	Implement evidence-based practices to prevent indwelling catheter- associated urinary tract infections (CAUTI) .
Identify Patient Safety Risks	
NPSG.15.01.01	Identify patients at risk for suicide.
Prevent Surgical Mistakes	
The Universal Protocol	
UP.01.01.01	Conduct a preprocedure verification process
UP.01.02.01	Mark the procedure site.
UP.01.03.01	Perform a time-out before the procedure.